

Singularis	'pisk' f.	Urie.
Nom.	<i>aṣṭrā</i>	*-ah ₂
Vok.	<i>aṣṭré</i>	Urie. *-a(h ₂) + <i>devī</i> -st. endelse -i < *-i(h ₂)?
Akk.	<i>aṣṭrām</i>	*-ah ₂ m (Stangs lov)
Inst.	<i>aṣṭrā</i> <i>aṣṭr-áyā</i>	*-ah ₂ -h ₁ ; oav. <i>daēnā</i> , ungav. <i>daēna</i> -yā ← dem.pron. f. <i>a-yā</i> (derimod -yā i <i>devyā</i>) Jf. oav. <i>daēnaiiā</i> , Ungav. <i>daēnaiia</i>
Dat.	<i>aṣṭrā-yai</i>	*-ah ₂ - + *-jah ₂ -ai; jf. dem.pron. f. <i>asyái</i> ; endv. <i>devyái</i>
Gen./abl.	<i>aṣṭrā-yās</i>	*-ah ₂ - + *-jah ₂ -s; jf. dem.pron. f. <i>asyāh</i> ; endv. <i>devyās</i>
Lok.	<i>aṣṭrā-yām</i>	*-ah ₂ - + *-jah ₂ -m; jf. dem.pron. f. <i>asyām</i> ; endv. <i>devyām</i>
Dualis		
N/V/Akk.	<i>aṣṭré</i>	*-ah ₂ -ih ₁ – praghya som den tilsv. neutrumsform (MacD § 26.a). Samme kombination af *-ah ₂ (f.) + -ih ₁ (som i neutrum) ses i urbaltoslavisk (Olander s. 194).
D/Ab/I	<i>aṣṭrābhyaṁ</i>	*-ah ₂ -bh ^h jah+m, jf. ungav. <i>vqθβābiia</i> (pron. <i>ābhyaṁ</i>).
Gen./lok.	<i>aṣṭrā-yoh</i>	*-ah ₂ -+ih ₂ -hohs? / *-ah ₂ -+ih ₂ -hou? Dem. pron. er <i>ayóh</i> = maskuline endelse
Pluralis		
Nom/vok.	<i>aṣṭrā-h</i> <i>aṣṭrā-sah</i>	*-ah ₂ -as *-ah ₂ -as+as
Akk.	<i>aṣṭrā-h</i>	*-ah ₂ -ms; jf. oav. <i>daēnā</i> , <i>daēnās-ca</i> ; ungav. <i>zaoθrā</i> , <i>zaoθrās-ca</i>
Instr.	<i>aṣṭrā-bhiḥ</i>	*-ah ₂ -bhis (pron. f. <i>ābhíḥ</i>)
Dat/abl.	<i>aṣṭrā-bhyah</i>	*-ah ₂ -bhios (pron. f. <i>ābhýáḥ</i>)
Gen.	<i>aṣṭrā-nām</i> (-aam)	*-ah ₂ -ōm med indskudt -n- af uklar oprindelse; oav., ungav. <i>gaēθanqm</i> .
Lok.	<i>aṣṭrā-su</i>	*-ah ₂ -su (pron. f. <i>āsú</i>)

